The Brandon Mail.

VOL. 3. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1885. NO. 8.

The Weekly Mail

Is published every Thursday in time for the mails leaving Brandon that day, and will contain full telegraphic and market reports and a full summary of all local, Provincial and Dominion news and carefully written editorials upon all public questions.

Subscription, $2.00 per year when paid in advance, and $2.50 when not so paid.

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1 Column	$125 00	$70 00	$40 00	$20 00
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"	40 00	25 00	15 00	8 00
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1 Inch	12 00	7 00	4 00	2 50

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Notices inserted under 'special' heads in reading matter, 15 cents per line each insertion.

No papers and no advertisements discontinued till all arrears are paid.

C. CLIFFE,
Editor and Publisher.

LEGAL.

W. A. MACDONALD.

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Pnblic, Conveyancer, etc.

BRANDON, - - MANITOBA.

MONEY TO LOAN

OFFICE—Near Imperial Bank, Rosser Av.

DALY & COLDWELL,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.,

Solicitors for the Imperial Bank of Canada.

MONEY TO LOAN

Rosser Avenue, Brandon.

T. MAYNE DALY, JR. GEO. R. COLDWELL.

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Office:—Masonic Block, Rosser Avenue.

Commissioners for taking affidavits for Ontario.

HENDERSON & HENDERSON,

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.,

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Money to loan on improved farm property.

F. G. A. Henderson ... Henderson.

RUSSELL & COOPER,

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Office of Freehold, Loan and Savings Company.

Rosser Av., between 7th & 8th St., Brandon.

JOHN RUSSELL. D. H. COOPER.

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DR. JOHN A. MacDONALD,

L. R. C. P. EDINBURG, SCOTLAND,

PHYSICIAN SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

Office and Residence, Rosser Avenue, over W. A. McDonald's law office.

DR. RICHMOND SPENCER,

M. D., C. M., McGill P. S., Que.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

Office and residence—Corner Rosser Ave. and Ninth street, over old post office

BRANDON.

DR. J. McDAIRMID,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Honor graduate of Trinity University, Toronto. M. C. P. and S. Ont. and Man.

Office and Residence—Over Atkinson's store, Cor. Rosser Av. and 10th Street, Brandon.

DR. L. M. MORE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

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Office and Residence, Coomb & Stewart's Block, Cor. 9th and Rosser Brandon.

DENTAL.

F. E. DOERING,

DENTIST,

Gas for Painless Extraction of Teeth.

Office—Over T. T. Atkinson's store, Molesworth Block, north-east corner Rosser Avenue and 9th Street, Brandon. Entrance on Rosser.

Gold filling a specialty.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FRED. TORRANCE, B. A., V. S.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate of McGill University, and of the Montreal Veterinary College.

Veterinarian for the Counties of Brandon and Dennis.

Office and Infirmary, Eleventh Street, Brandon.

R. P. MULLIGAN,

WHOLESALE WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,

Sixth Street, Brandon, Man.

Merchants Bank OF CANADA.

Capital, Paid up, - $5,725,000.
Reserve Fund, - 1,357,000.

Head Office, Montreal.

President:—ANDREW ALLAN.

General Manager:—GEORGE HAGUE.

Branches in Ontario and Quebec:—

Belleville,	Ottawa,
Berlin,	Owen Sound,
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Kingston,	Toronto,
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BRANCHES IN MANITOBA:—

Winnipeg. Emerson, Brandon.

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Bankers in Great Britain,—The Clydesdale bank London, Glasgow and elsewhere.

Bankers in New York,—The Bank of New York

Bankers in St. Paul,—The First National Bank.

Bankers in Minneapolis,—The Security Bank of Minnesota.

BRANDON BRANCH.

C. MEREDITH, - ACTING MANAGER.

This Bank transacts a General Bankiug Business.

Money received on deposit and curreut rate of interest allowed.

Drafts issued available to all parts of Canada and the United States and Sterling Drafts issued available at all points in Great Britain.

Highest rate paid for Sterling Drafts and Letters of Credit.

Particular attention paid to collections for Banks and private parties.

R. M Stratton & Bro.

GENERAL

BLACKSMITHS,

East 6th St., between

Rosser & Princess Av's.

HORSE SHOEING

Executed with neatness and despatch, according to the latest and most approved methods. We

Treat Horses

For Corns, Contractions, diseases of the Coronet Thrush, Quintor, Greased Heel, &c., &c.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Court House, Prince Albert," will be received at this office until THURSDAY, the 31st December next, inclusively, for the erection and completion of a

Court House And Jail,

AT

Prince Albert, North-West Territories.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Deparement of Public Works, Ottawa, Puclic Wores Office, Winnipeg, and at tho office of Lieut.-Col. A. Sproat, Registrar, Prince Albert, on and after MONDAY the 23rd instant.

Porsons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or it he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted tho cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order.

A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 10th November 1885.

CITY OF BRANDON

TAXES 1885.

Notice is hereby given that a rebate of 5 per cent. will be allowed on all taxes of the current year, paid on or before

The 1st. Day of Dec. Next.

Collectors office Brandon, Nov. 17th 1885.

D. M. McMILLAN, Collector.

'86. MAYORALTY. '86.

To the Elector's of the City of Brundon:

GENTLEMEN,---The relations I have borne to the City of Brandon for some time past, as a representative at the Council Board, seemed to render my retirement both proper and desirable at the close of the present year.

Repeated requests of former opponents as well as supporters to become a candidate for the Mayoralty for the ensuing year I can hardly refuse, and will, in consequence, again solicit your suffrages.

Of my fitness for the position I have only to refer you to my past record, and the assurance that my constant purpose, if again elected, will be to see that the city's affairs are so managed that her welfare and future interests will thereby be best promoted.

I have the honor to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
Jas. A. Smart.

Storm Windows!

PRICES REDUCED

For the balance of the season.

No House Can be Comfortable

Without them. Send your orders to the factory and get lowest prices.

Brandon Plaining Mill Co., Brandon.

FRASER BROS.,

We are Selling Goods for the Cold Season at very LOW FIGURES.

BARGAINS

In Fnrs, Woolens, Moccasins, Mitts, Fur Coats, Underclothing, etc.

Come & look through our Mammoth Stock

FRASER BROS.
Masonic Block, Brandon.

PROVINCIAL.

A special to the Globe from Ottawa says that at the coming session of Parliament the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will ask further public aid to enable them to consolidate and develop the whole railway system of the Maritime Provinces. They are anxious to secure contracts for the construction of all railways subsidized by the Dominion Government, the aim being to monopolize the control of Canadian railway lines east of Montreal. The Government will hand over to the Canadian Pacific Company without charge that portion of the Intercolonial Railway, between St. John and Halifax, and the company will ask a subsidy of $10,000,060 to enable them to buy all railways owned by other corporations in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, as well as build connecting links.

A special train of twenty-one cars of wheat, made up at Virden, Manitoba, has arrived at Montreal. The run from Winnipeg was made in five and a half days, which includes all stoppages.

Lockey who used to be with Mr. A. Lang in the brick manufacturing business, is creating heaps of amusement for himself these times. It appears that John Frank is living in his house, and Frank says that for some time he was confident all was not right between Lockey and his (Frank's) wife. In a triangular war of words Lockey kicked Frank one day last week, and hept himself out of the way to avoid arrest. In the interval, as the story goes Mrs. Frank decided to go to Winnipeg, on the train on Tuesday, week taking a couple of her children along wite her, and Frank seeing her off on the train. As the train was about to move out Lockey turned up, and boarded it also. He was to have returned on Thursday, and as he did not do so, Frank concluded his wife and Lockey had gone off together, and was in heart to bid them God speed. However Lockey turned up on Tuesday, and was arrested by chief McMillan, fined $15 for the assault on Lockey, and bound over to keep the peace. While under arrest he proceeded to the Merchants' bank under the eye of the chief, and tried to draw some money to the credit of Mrs. Frank, on a cheque signed by her. The chief stopped this game and Mr. W. A. Macdonald subsequently garnisheed the money for Frank. As Lockey could get no bail he was forced to spend Monday night in the cooler, while Mrs. Frank was forced to sing that well known song:—

"I'm lonely to night, love, without you.

And I sigh for one glance of your eye."

1886.

Civic Elections,

WARD No. 2.

YOUR VOTE

And influence are respectfully solicited

W. JOHNSTON

to re-election for this ward for 1886.

—THE—

North-West Farmer

WANTS MANITOBA

—AND—

The Northwest.

to yield a greater return to the farmer.

We are doing our best to bring about this happy state of affairs, and want the help of every intelligent man in the prairie Province.

THE NOR-WEST FARMER AND MANITOBA MILLER is devoted to the interest and advancement of agriculture on the prairies of Canada. It is filled each issue to running over with information, facts and practical experiences relating solely to to the best methods of prairie farming in all its branches. It is for this reason invaluable to the farmers and stockmen of the country, while its Household and Children's department presided over by a lady makes it a most interesting companion at the fireside for the "guide wife and barins."

HELP ALONG THE GOOD WORK

By sending in your subscription.

Only $1 per year.

To everyone who subscribes before February 1st, we will give free a copy of the great home companion, "Health & Home," a book of 400 pages brim full of useful, curious and interesting information.

Write to the office of publication for a copy of the great great premium list for this winter, or better still subscribe and receive the published list.

The Nor West Farmer P'tg & Pub. Co., (L'd.

Wm. CLARK, Editor. C. B. KEENLEYSIDE, Sec.-Treas.

"Respectably Dressed."

BY THE LATE HELEN HUNT JACKSON.

"An unknown man, respectably dressed."
That was all that the record said;
Wondoring pity might guess the rest:
One thing was sure, the man was dead.

And dead, because he'd no heart to live;
His courage had faltered and failed the test.
How little the all we now can give,
A nameless sod to cover his breast.

"Respectably dressed!" tho thoughtless read
The sentence over and idly say:
What was it then, since it was not need.
Which made him thus fling his life away!"
"Respectably dressed!" How little they know
Who never have been for money pressed,
What it costs respectable poor to go
Day aftea day "respectably dressed!"

The beggars on sidewalks suffer less—
They herd all together, clan and clann;
Alike and coual in wretchedness,
No room for pride between man and man.

Nothing to lose by rags or dirt—
More often something is gained instead,
Nothing to fear but bodily hurt.
Nothing to hope for save daild bread.

But respectable poor have all to lose
For the world to know, means loss and shame.
They'd rather die, if they had to choose;
Than cling as for life to place and name.

Cling, and pretend,,and conceal, and hide,
Never an hour but its terror bears:
Terror which slinks like guilt to one side,
And often a guiltier conscience wears.

"Respectably dressed" to the last; aye, last!
Last dollar, last crust, last proud pulse-beat.
Starved body, starved soul, hope dead and past:
What wonder that any death looks sweet.

"An unknown man, respectably dressed."
That was all the record said.
When will the question let us rest:
Is it fault of ours that the man was dead?

Portage La Prairie.

A Circular Issued to the Creditors of the Town.

The council of the town of Portage la Prairie, finding it impossible to meet its obligations in full, has issued a circular to its creditors. It reviews the revenues and expenditures since the incorporation of the town, and explains the present financial position. It is pointed out that the inflation caused by the boom is the cause of the trouble, and that, taking into consideration the present assessment, which is even higher than the real value of the property, it is plain the town is not able to pay the interest on its debt. While it is clear that the town cannot in its present position raise money enough to pay the interest upon its debt, besides keeping the town and School Board running, it is also clear that the creditors can, if they feel inclined, push matters to an extreme, and put an end to the value of property within the town. When the matter is looked into, it will be seen that unless a town has an assessment large enough to enable it, by levying a rate which property-holders can afford to pay, to raise money enough sufficient to meet the necessary running expenses and the interest upon its debt, then the holders of claims against the town are not in a positisn to realize, as their only security is the ability of the town to pay them by taxing the property within its limits. The disastrous effects that would follow an attempt to realize the debt through the sheriff are pointed out, as also that the probabilities are strongly in favor of the town being able to meet the principal of its debt if given time.

The council therefore makes the following propositions:—

1. The Manitoba Legislature to be asked at its next session to pass a private act of Parliament embodying the agreement which may be arrived at.

2. The rate of taxation in the town to be limited so as not to exceed two cents on the dollar.

3. Five mills on the dollar of such rate to be called the debenture rate, and to be kept separate in the rolls and books of the town and to be paid over at such short intervals and to such chartered bank as may be suggested by the creditors.

4. The creditors to be entitled to withdraw such money from such bank pro rata according to the amount of their respective claims, every six months.

5. The creditors to accept such half-yearly divided in full of interest for the half-year, the town, however, guaranteeing that such interest shall amount to at least two per cent. per annum.

6. The time of payment of the principal of all claims against the town to be extended until five years after such rate of 5 mills on the dollar realizes 6 per cent. on the whole debt.

7. The property in the town to be assessed at its actual value, and any creditor of the town to have the right to appeal (in the manner provided in the statutes from time to time in force) against the whole or any portion of the assessment.

8. The town to be absolutely prohibited from incurring any further liability of any kind whatsoever.

9. All the present executions in the hands of the sheriff to be withdrawn, and tho judgement held by the school board not to be included by the town's liabilities.

There are about $45,000 of arrears of taxess tanding in the books of the town. It is feared that a large portion of these taxes is uncollectable. An endeavor was made last fall to collect them by holding a tax sale, and most of the taxes on property worth anything was paid in.

If a settlement of the present difficuities is arranged it is possible a good deal of this money may be collected.

The council submit that accepting the above proposed settlement the creditors will recover more than by taking the harsh methods provided by law. They will in fact get all in the way of interest the town can afford to pay, and if the future turns out well they will be paid in full. If such an Act of Parliament were passed the confidence of people in the town would be restored and property would be freely transferred. At present in fear of the large debt property has scarcely any value. Nothing whatever can be raised on it by way of loan; and the few sales made are at a very low sacrifice.

ANOTHER BATTLE.

A Despe ate Conflict Between Bulgarians and Servians.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Daily News has a despatch from Sofia confirming the report of a Bulgarian victory. The Servians lost ten guns and 356 horses, and it is estimated that three thousand Servians were killed or wounded. The Bulgarians on Tuesday captured two hundred Servian cavalry. The Bulgarians have again repulsed attacks on Dragomen.

The Daily Telegraph says:—It is almost sure that Greece will go to war. A captain of the Greek Navy has started for London to purchase men-of-war.

A despatch from Sofia says: Troops are arriving here from Roumelia. 25,000 Servians were engaged yesterday near Slivnitza, while there were only 15,000 Bulgarians in the engagement. There was desperate fighting at Slivni za to-day. The Bulgarians forced the Servians' right wing back at the point of the bayonet for several kilometres, with great losses. It is reported the Servians fired upon the Red Cross ambulancar. A milita force from Widdin has made a successful inroad into Servia, capturing 150 prisoners. The Servians retreated in disorder from Butchino, Smoleha and Fuden.

The following account is from Tzaribrod: The Servians found the Bulgarians of unexpected strength at Slavnitza. The Servians, after continuous fighting for eighteen hours, are slowly pressing Prince Alexander towards Sofia, the Bulgarians disputing every inch. Thirty thousand Servians were engaged in yesterday's fighting at Slivnitza.

A despatch from Belgrade says; Queen Natalie has received a telegram form Gaitchar announcing the fall of Widdin. The same despatch says that a portion of Amorava division, after a severe fight captured Radomir. Four hundred prisoners have arrived at Belgrade from the front. The Prefect of Tein announces that the Servian inhabitants of that place who took refuge in Servia are at liberty to return.

Official Serviad reports say that on King Milans arrived atDasaribrop, he was welcomed by the inhabitants as the "Liberator." The Servians have met with an enthusastic reception at every place in Bulgaria The people have made many complaints against the Bulgarian administration, especially against its tribunals.

A dispatch from Tzaribrod to the Standard says: A decisive attack was delayed until all the Servian columns had been concentrated. A heavy cannonade was kept up through the day and several sham attacks were made. A private telegram was received at Belgrade states all the troops, comprising the Widdin garrison, have been made prisoners.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Times says: It is reported that that Turkey and Servia have agreed to arrange the conditions of peace after the capture of Sofia Turkey prefers a strong Servia to a strong Bulgaria, but also desired to save Prince Alexander's position as much as possible. Servia, likewise, does not wish to personally humiliate Prince Alexander. Advices from Belgrade say that the Servian administration has been arranged for all occupied, it is claimed, display, a friendly spirit toward the Servians

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 18.—The Porte ha sent to the Powers a formal protest against the Servian invasion of Bulgaria. Turkey reserves the right to take militaay action in the matter.

PARIS Nov. 18.—M. Philemon, mayor o Athens, in an interview with M. De Freycinet, Minister of Foreign Affairs, explained to him the reason why Greece was unable to remain inactive during the present struggle in the Balkans, and said that Greece would be obliged shortly to invade Ottoman territory. M. Philemon appealed for French sympathy. M. De Freycinet replied that he was unable to enter into a discussion with M. Philemon on the subject.

SOFIA, Nov. 18.—A telegram states that the Bulgarian troops recaptured Bresnik and dispersed the Servians. No fears are entertained at present for the safety of Sofia.

VIENNA, Nov. 18.—The Neue Freire Presse has a report that Prince Alexander has been wounded.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

Xmas and the Holidays!

—:o:—

THE MAIL BOOKSTORE

POST OFFICE BUILDING,

Is to the front with the chicest lot of goods, for the [illegible] days to be met with in the country, and at the lowest pr[illegible]

—:o:—

In Fancy Goods,

We have a full assortment of Photo and Autograph Albums, Purses (Ladies' and Gents.), Ladies Satchels in leather and plush, Vases, Cups and Sausers, Mugs, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Toilet Cases (ladies' and Gents') Bracelets, Shirt Studs, Cuff Buttons, Rings—in gold and silver, and in fact everything that eye can wish for or thought suggest.

TOYS, TOYS, TOYS.

In this line we have everything to please the little ones, Sleighs, Whips, Tin goods in endless variety, Games, Blocks, Dolls, China Sets, Surprise Boxes, Shell Goods, China and Wooden Animals and Structures and everything else the little folks can ask for.

In the Stationery Department,

Everything is complete. Syhool and Office Stationery and supplies of every description: Books for presents, in cloth and morocco, Prize books for schools, Bibles and church books for every denomination. In paper covers we have everything in the favorite authors—Dicken's, Scott, Cooper, The Dutchess, Bessant, Block, Braddon, Carlyle, Bertha M. Clay, Wilkie Collins, Gabriau, E. P. Roe, Irving, Lytton, Ouida, Thackery and others; over 1,000 different books to choose from. The greatest assortment to be found in any store in the country.

Recitations, Readings, Plays, &c.: Music Books and Musical Instruments such as Accordions, Violins, Concertinas, &c. Xmas and New Year's cards in abundance, and of every design.

A large assortment of

WALL PAPERS!

Yet to choose from. These goods will be sold wholesale and Retail and at the lowest prices to cash prices.

Remember we have nearly everything the public may ask for, sor there is no chance for disappointment when you call.

Get your Xmas Goods while the assortment is complete. They will be sold now as low as any time in the season, and by calling early, you will have a better assortment to select from.

RIEL'S REMAINS.

Montreal, Nov. 18.—The former comrades of Riel in the school he attended here have to wear mourning for a month in respect to his memory.

Le Monde this evening issued a bulletin which stated that Madame Riel in a despatch had expressed her willingness to have her son interred here beside the graves of the patriots of 1837. It is proposed to invite Madame Riel and her family to take up their residence in this city, and to establish a fund for her support. A deputation of members of the Club Cartier has waited upon Senator Lacaste and requested him to accept the leadership of the Conservative wing of the French national party, which is to be built upon the Riel question. Mr. Lacaste asked a few days' time to consider the matter. He also intimated that he would first require to hear explanations of the French Canadian Ministers Two hundred French Canadian students together with some quarry men and others, numbering about eight hundred, paraded the streets to-night. The quarrymen carried axe handles, clubs and thighbones. They shoved people from the sidewalks, frightened horses, and committed other aggressive acts. It was thought at one time they would attack the Salvation Army Hall. They have threatened to attack LaMinerve office to-morrow night. About awo hundred and fifty men of the 6th Fusiliers had assembled at Dominion Square to be in readiness to meet the French Canadians should they attempt to carry out their purpose of burning Col. Stephen in effigy on the square. It is stated that to-night's demonstration was the result of information which the students of Victoria University had received during the day that the students of McGill (English) University intended to burn Riel in effigy on the Champ de Mars to-night.

SAVED BY A SECOND.

How Reprieve was Delayed by a Break in the Telegraph Wires.

"The most impressive sight I ever saw I think was at Harper's Ferry in '65," said Detective C. W. McElroy. The detective is a member of Perkins' Agency, and was at one time sheriff of Oswego cuonty, N. Y. The conversation was brought about by a remark upon the impressiveness of the funeral services over General Grant.

"The sight of a man going to his own funeral, with the band playing a dead march, is calculated to impress one," he continued. "That is the case you know, with a man condemned to death by a court martial. The case of which I spoke happened in January, 1865, and the wonderful escape of the condemned parties is something I shall never forget. Two men, John Shea and Michael Doane, had been sentenced to be shot for desertion. There was considerable feeling in favor of the men. It was in the time of big bounties, and the two young men had enlisted for something like $1,000 a piece. In a few days both were missing and were not caught for three or four weeks. They were drunk and their money was about gone. The truth of the matter was that it was no case of wilful desertion. The men had got on a drunk and had never sobered up enough to realize their position. They were badly frightened, and were attended by two priests. I can remember the place well. They were marched up on a little hill on a level plateau, and the soldiers thrown into a hollow square. The two men, accompanied by their priests, and preceded by the band playing the "Dead March," were marched around the inside of this square and stopped nearly in the centre by the side of their open coffins. The priests were in earnest conversation with them, and the minutes rolled by till they grew into an hour. Twelve o'clock came, and General Stevenson gave orders for the priests to leave the men. Very reluctantly they did so, prolonging their leave taking upon one pretext and another as long as they could. Everything was at last made ready, and it was only a matter of seconds between the men and eternity, when the General's orderly rode up, swinging his hat and yelling at the top of his voice. It was a reprieve from Lincoln.

"It seems that the priests had telegraphed the President the night before, asking for a reprieve, and stating that there were mitigating circumstances. Lincoln, who was always looking for an excuse to save a man's life reprieved them. Gen. Stevenson's headquarters were nearly a mile from where we were, and the telegraph office was at his headquarters. He had left a mounted orderly there with instructions to rush through any dispatch that came. Nothing came until a few minutes before twelve, and the orderly dashed away. He had to go up a steep hill, nearly half a mile long. When he reached the top his horse was badly winded and could hardly go. He met a citizen on a good horse, and without any ceremony pulled the gentleman down and mounted the fresh animal. Half a minute's delay would have been the last of Messrs. Doane and Shea.

"A strange part of the story is yet to come: Some three years afterward I met an old telegraph operator in Oswego. He was in Washington in the winter of '64 and '65. We got to talking over war matters, and I found that he remembered the case I have told you about. He was in charge of the wire leading to Harper's Ferry. He had heard of the two men who were to be executed there, through the operator. They had discussed the matter over the wires. Consequently he remembered the case well. Upon the morning of the execution, at 10 o'clock, the dispatch reprieving them was handed to him to send out. He turned to his desk, and what was his horror to find that he couldn't work the wires. A storm was in progress, or something else was the matter. At any rate, the wire would not work. There was no other way of reaching Harper's Ferry. The dispatch he did not get off until just before 12 o'clock, but, as it happened, in good time; but he told me it was an experience he would never forget. Altogether, it was a pretty close shave for the two men, and I don't believe they ever forgot the incident either."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

THE RIEL FAMILY.

Rev. Father McWilliams drove out to St, Vital yesterday afternoon in company with one of the Fathers of the Cathedral to visit the Riel family. He found the aged mother, the widow and two children of Louis, and the brother Joseph and his wife in the deepest affliction, and quite a large number of their friends and neighbours assembled with them to comfort them. Father McWilliams addressed them in English, informing them of the manner in which the condemned man had conducted himself during his last hours and how he had received the rites of his church and had been constantly attended and advised by his spiritual guides. The sorrowing family received comfort from the knowledge that the unfortunate man had had his spiritual interests so well cared for, and with so evidently good results, as shown in the fact of his meeting his death so bravely and yet with such humility and submission and so earnest a desire to receive and to extend forgiveness. The statement of Rev. Father McWilliams was repeated in French by the Father who accompanied him. After remaining about three-quarters of an hour the fathers returned to the city. The news of the hanging had already reached the family, having been broken to them by a priest whom His Grace, the Archbishop, sent immediately on receiving the telegram informing him that the execution had really taken place. On the arrival of the father a requiem mass was celebrated for the repose of the soul of the departed. Father McWilliams expressed himself as very much pleased with the evidences which he saw of the Riel family The walls of their house were hung around with devotional pictures and other emblems of their faith. He thinks that if the facts which he observed can be taken as indicative of the religious feeling of the people, the Catholics of this country must occupy a high position as compared with others in their devotion to their religion.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Power's Block Rochester, N. Y

LOST.

An Ogilvie Wheat Cheque, No. 4, in Brandon. By returning to Imperial Bank you will oblige

WM. ROBINSON.

Notice to Creditors!

The Creditors of David Carswell, late of Creeford, in the County of Minnedosa, in the Province of Manitoba, who died on or about the 12th day January, 1885, and all others having claims against his Estate are hereby notified to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to Daly & Coldwell, of Brandon, the Solicitors for the Executors of the deceased on or before the 30th day of November, A. D. 1885, their Christian names and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their respective claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, (if any) held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 30th day of November, 1885, the assets of the said David Carswell, deceased, will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given as above required.

Dated at Brandon, this 29th day of October, A. D. 1885.

R. SPRATT, GEORGE J. McLAUGHLIN, } Executors.

DALY & COLDWELL, Solicitors for said Executors.

1690.

L. O. L., meets on the FIRST MONDAY IN EACH MONTH in their rooms, corner of 6th St. and Rosser Av. Visiting brethern are cordially invited to attend.

Wm. WILSON, Master.
E. H. MANCHESTER, Sec.

IMPERIAL BANK
—OF—
CANADA.

Capital, - - - - - $1,500,000.
SURPLUS, $680,000.

Branches in Manitoba—Winnipeg and Brandon.

BRANDON BRANCH,

ROSSER AVENUE.

Transacts a general banking business.
Bills of exchange purchased.
Monies transferred to points in Canada by draft or telegraph.
Collections payable at outside points receive prompt attention.
Deposits received at current rates of interest.
Correspondents for
Bank of Montreal.
Bank of British North America.
Bank of Toronto.
Dominion Bank.
Bank of Hamilton.
Quebec Bank.
Standard Bank of Canada.

A. JUKES, Manager.

Canadian Pacific Railway.
Western Division.
TRAIN SERVICE.

CHANGE OF TIME

On and after June 17, 1883, trains will move as follows:

Going West.		Station		Going East.
7.30 a.m.	Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive	6.30 p.m.
10.00 a.m.		Portage la Prairie		4.05 p.m.
1.35 p.m.		Brandon		1.00 p m.
9 00 p.m.		Broadview		5.00 a.m.
2.22 a.m.		Regina		11.05 p.m.
5.0 a.m.		Moose Jaw		8.30 p.m.
2.00 p.m.		Swift Current		12.30 p m.
9.15 p.m.		Maple Creek		5.25 a.m
1,55 a.m.	Arrive	Medicine Hat	Leave	12.30 a.m

Going South		Station	Going North	
Leave		Winnipeg	Arrive	
7.55 a.m.	7.35 p m		6.35 a m	7.00 p m
		Emerson		
10.35 a m	10.10 p m		4.05 a m	4.40 p m
Arrive		St. Vincent	Leave	
10.50 a m	10.30 p m		3.45 a m	4.20 p m

Going South		Station		Going North
18.15 a m	Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive	8.00 p m
1.45 a m		Morris		4.00 p m
1.30 p m		Gretna		2.10 p m
4.30 p m	Arrive	Manitoba City	Leave	8.30 a m
8.35 a m	Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive	4.10 p m
9 35 a m		Stony Mountain		3.10 p m
10 00 a m	Arrive	Stonewall	Leave	2.30 p,m

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Magnificent Palace Sleeping Cars will be run on all through passenger trains between Winnipeg and Emerson and Winnipeg and Port Arthur.

Trains move on Winnipeg time.

JOHN M. EGAN, Gen. Superintendent.
W. C. VAN HORNE, Gen. Manager.
WM. HARDER, Asst. Traffic Manager

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

WILSON & CARRICK.

Blacksmiths and Jobbers

West Side NINTH Street
Between Rosser and Princess

BEST HORSE SHOERS IN THE CITY.

Repairing of All Kinds
DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

Gentlemen, give us a call.

WILSON & CARRICK.

N. B—Wood work done with neatness and dispatch.

Uxbridge Organs.

The Organ Tests of the past year have placed the Uxbridge Organs

Far ahead of all its Competitors.

The Company having secured some of the some of the VERY BEST WORKMEN which can be found on the continent, have thus been enabled to combine more improvements than can be found in any other organ, and make an Instrument

Elegant in design, Durable, and complete in all part

The Company's Organs have been awarded over Sixty First-Class Prizes.
Their Factory has been running over twelve years, and the past year the greater part of that time until ten o'clock at night, and then not able to fill their orders as fast as they came in.
A Company of so long standing has a reputation which protects its customers, anfurnished unquestionable warrantee.

For Terms, Prices, or Information, write

Mr C CLIFFE, Brandon.

Or to the

UXBRIDGE ORGAN MANUFACTURING CO.,
UXBRIDGE, ONT.

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds.

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, NEW OXFOD STREET (late 533 OXFORD STREET), LONDON,
And are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.

GO TO

Whitehead & Whitelaw's

—FOR—

Blue Vitrol.
Barrel Salt.
Coal Oil.
Sugar and Syrup.
Boots and Shoes.

A lot of the above just received and can be hed in Wholesale and Retail quantities.

Rosser Avenue, Brandon.

Farm Produce Bought and Sold

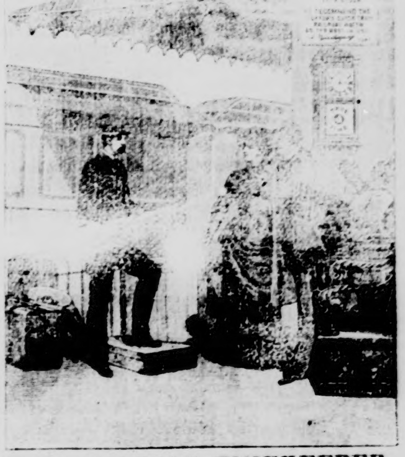
P. E. DURST,
THE PIONEER JEWELLER,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Gold and Silver, English, Swiss and American Watch Clocks, Jewelry, Electro Plated Ware, Spectacles, Compasses, Telecopes.

Sole Agent for the Celebrated

ROCKFORD WATCH,



THE RAILROAD TIMEKEEPER.

Agent for W. MOHAMP'S SHOW CASES.

Personal supervision to all REPAIRING, and satisfaction guaranteed.

ROSSER AVENUE. BRANDON.

Brandon Weekly Mail,

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1885.

THE FREE PRESS AND CONSISTENCY.

The maliciousness of the Free Press, in dealing with any subject in which it can in any way involve the name of Sir John Ma donald, must be amusing to any one who is inclined to take the charitable view of a monomaniac. In its Saturday's issue the print says:

"We say the fact remains that the "half-breeds had no substantial "grievance while the Reformers were "in power, nor had they during the "earlier years of the present administration. *They may have thought* "they were entitled to the immediate "possession of documentary evidence "confirming them in the ownership "of their lands. But, if so, they "were mistaken. Canada could not "afford to disarrange her whole plans "for their benefit. More particularly "as they were given the most ample "assurance by the MacKenzie government that they would ultimately be confirmed in their holdings. It was not until the territory "occupied by them had been surveyed "and they were still refused the fulfilment of the promises which they "had received that the half-breeds "became justifiably restive."

If the "restiveness" of the half-breeds was occasioned by the fact they did not get patents as soon as surveys were made, then their quitness under the MacKenzie regime is easily explained—it was because the Grit government made but a few hundred surveys during their entire term of office, and would have made but a few more to this day had they remained in office. It was then by inaction on the part of the Grit government that a North-West rebellion was averted during the MacKenzie regime, though it was by their inaction that many another calamity like the depression of 1877-8, was brought about. The misfortune, then, according to the Grit print's showing is altogether attributable to the fact the present government moved with activity towards the opening up and settling of the country. A commission was appointed a year before there was any sign of an outbreak, to examine into the true state of affairs, and to report as to who were and who were not, of these half-breeds, entitled to patents, and because the present government did not "disarrange its whole plans for their benefit," which the Free Press declares was out of the question under Grit rule, and recommend patents before the time had arrived when this step at Canada's convenience could be properly done—the rebellion burst forth, and the Free Press now holds the government responsible for it. The windings of the Grit prints to have a thrust at their political opponents form a rather complicated stair-case to the common sense observer.

An advertisement by D. L. MacKenzie, of Winnipeg, in the Toronto Globe, ought to open the eyes of the farmers of this country, as to the real aims and achievements of the Farmers' Union. Mr. MacKenzie advertises for tenders from the Ontario millers and dealers, for the wheat and other purchases of the Union, and announces himself as sole agent for handling the same. The fact then is that the Ontario and not the English market has to make the price of grain sold by the Union, and before even that is realized, the percentages of MacKenzie, Purvis, and the local buyers, and the elevator charges have to be deducted. This is simply deplorable, after all the fine speeches of the Unionists that have taken up so many columns of the Grit papers of the country, during the past year. We heartily sympathise with the farmers of this country, in any laudable effort they may make to better their condition as a community, but we must say no improvement need be expected through the Union as a helper, while things are conducted in this way. It is just as easy for the farmers themselves to get the highest price in Ontario, by samples, as it is for D. L. MacKenzie to do it, and why the Union should not sell direct, and save the persentages paid to Purvis and MacKenzie, is what we cannot understand. Every one knows that, except in the case of a shortage in Ontario, it is the English and not the Ontario price of wheat that governs the price in this country, and why the Union should not themselves ship direct to England, instead of to Ontario through MacKenzie, is what no common sense man can understand. Such an organization, properly constituted ought to have ere this such English connections completed as would enable them to pay in this country the highest price the English market would allow, instead of tinkering with several local agents. Two years ago there was not a light in the Union that could find language strong enough to denounce "middlemen," and now they have thrown the Union itself body and bones, into the hands of these Philistines, and are settling down to bear with their treatment for all time to come.

One of the most beastly things we have seen in a Grit print for many a day, and this is saying a great deal, appeared in the Free Press as a conversation between Pere Andre and Louis Riel, in the last moments of the latter. The Rev. gentleman is reported as saying to Riel. "Pray for Sir. John Macdonald; he is your greatest enemy—it is he that is sending you to the gallows." It is but little wonder that the reader of Grit prints alone should be bigoted and narrow minded, when fed on such trashy falsehood as this, as we are confident it was manufactured out of whole cloth by the Free Press reporter, as it appears in no other print, not even the Toronto Globe. The inference from this is, it is the desire of the Free Press to tell its readers that Riel was an unoffending private gentleman, that he was convicted by Sir John Macdonald without law or reason, and that he was sent to the gallows by the simple order of Sir John, the same as if the whole business was a scene on the cannibal Islands a couple of centuries ago. Every sensible resident of this country knows that Riel was convicted for an act which the law of the land, and not Sir John Macdonald, says is punishable by death. He was tried by the law of the land, before, what the Privy Council has decided, was a properly constituted Court, and not before Sir John Macdonald, he was found guilty, and the law was allowed to take its course. Sir John had no more hand in the matter from first to last than the man in the moon, and still a Grit print laying claims to repectability wants to persuade an innocent, credulous people he was the directing spirit in the trial from the commencement. Had Sir John acted in any way in particular, it could only have been to commute the sentence; but as he took no part in the incident from first to last, it is the law of the land, the friends of Riel must regard as responsible for the conviction and execution.

The attempt of the French press o stir up a feeling of regret for the execution of Riel is a most rascally piece of business, consider it as yo may. Although he escaped the gallows for his treatment of Scott and other prisoners, in the early history of this country, it left his guilt none the less to this moment. That was one count against him, consider it in any light possible. In his second rebellion, too, his motives were if possible worse than those of the first. He had no interests in this country, and according to his own admissions his objects were to make money rather than to assist in benefiting the condition of the Metis. He asserted on more than one occasion that if Sir John had met his demand and paid him $35,000 he would have returned to the United States before a single shot was fired. This shows the extent of his feeling for his fellow countrymen. He made money out of his first rebellion and he thought he could make more out of a second one, qut he reckoned without his host, and it is a matter of surprise to us that the French press does not consider his adventure in this light. They have not a word of sympathy for the Indians, who were duped into the rebellion, by this arch scoundrel, and have paid the penalty, and yet they have no end of sympathy for the vagabond in chief, who brought about the execution of the former. This is honesty and consistency surely. We are heartily glad the government has handled this matter with a firm hand, and shown the people of this country they must all irrespective of creed or nationality be governed by the same impartial laws. It is the only means of guaranteeing safety to a nation.

THE CONTEST.

That the Grits of this city have settled down to business, and decided to fight the coming Civic Elections, on purely party grounds is apparent from every point of view. At the last meeting of the council, Mayor Smart in committee of the whole, named nearly all the polling places, and every one of them is a Grit shop, one of them being the Sun office, and another that of the Attorney-General of the party; he also named returning officers for nearly all the booths, and every one was a Grit. So far, this carries a significance that any man with half an eye can easily read. But the evidences of party efforts do not end with this; the incidents of the past week and the utterances of their print bear the rest of the proof.

As we stated in a late issue, the efforts of some of the party, at least, if not with the knowledge and consent of the rank and file, to stuff the voters' list with bogus votes very naturally aroused the distrust of the Conservatives; and that of some of the latter have now resolved that the party of purity will not be allowed to carry out their designs as they please, and fill the places on the Council Board, at present occupied by efficient public servants, by inexperienced party men, for party purposes, is a circumstance that is not at all to be wondered at.

The first evidence of the design of the party, is shown by the turn of events in the Mayoralty. It was long since known that Mr. Smart did not again desire re-election, and for his place the faithful could find no member of the present Board sufficiently capable. The next step was to unfurl the banner of a new man, a gentleman known as well for his politics as he is for his abilities, though in no way deficient in the latter. After a counting of noses, it was, however, ascertained there was no certainty of electing the latter, and as party exigences demand that the first position on the Board should be held by a Grit, there was no alternative but fall back on Mr. Smart. That the Conservatives do not desire to carry the election into a party contest, further than is forced upon them, in the attempt to defeat efficient Aldermen, who desire re-election by inexperienced Grits, is shown by the fact they do not desire opposition to Mr. Smart. Neither can this resolve be attributed to cowardice, as Mr. Smart was beaten before, though having secured a large number of Conservative votes by previous pledges.

In the wards, too, the Grits have raised their battle axe high in the air, as every member of the present Board, of Conservatie leanings, has a Grit, and in many instances untried and incapable Grits, pitted against him. This is certainly to be regretted. The present council have lopped off everything in the shape of an unnecessary expenditure, they have managed the business so well that a single objection cannot be raised to their management, and reduced taxation to a minimum, and now every member of Tory proclivities is to be treated to a dose of Grit opposition. This is certainly most lamentable. There are gentlemen named as opponents to the present council, and it is no disparagement to say it of them—who are ignorant of a knowledge of the first principles of deliberation, and will naturally lose the best part of a year before they get into the way of doing business. We readily admit that several of the present council were once in the same boat, but now that they have learned council usages, and do their duty faithfully and well, it would be but an act of fanaticism to displace them by others wholly inexperienced.

We offer these remarks as a bit of advice, and we trust our citizens will regard them in the same light.

THE CIVIC ELECTIONS.

Since the publication of our last issue, candidates for Aldermanic honors, have cropped up on every street corner. So far the announcements are as follows, with several back townships yet to hear from:

Ward 1.—Ald. Lee and Messrs. J. Hanbury and McKenzie, of Russell and McKenzie. Ward 2.—Alds. Johnston and Stewart seek re-election, and Messrs. Adams and Todd, say they shall not be returned. In Ward 3. Alds. Dickinson and J. H. Hughes want a second term, and Messrs. A. Burns and A. C. Fraser are disputing the ground with them.

Ward 4. has Ald. Bucke again in the field and R. Powell. Mr. Anderson and J. Paisley looking for second place.

As we have said before, the electors will do themselves credit by returning the old Alderman wherever they seek re-election. In Ward one Mr. Hanbury appears as new blood, but as he has been a representative before, he can if elected take hold of work the same as if at present a representative.

Mr. Adams in Ward 2. is a good man, but to enter the field after assuring many of his friends he would not seek election is putting things in a disadvantageous light, and the same may in a degree be said of Messrs. Fraser and Burns in Ward three. They are both estimable citizens, and would make good men at the Board; but as they cannot possibly improve on the record of the sitting Aldermen, Hughes and Dickinson, who seek re-election there is no argument for making a change.

Ward four will, of course, do itsel credit by placing Ald. Bucke at the head of the poll, and as the voting for the other three candidates will be divided, Powell stands a good chance.

The local Grit print is never in its proper element except when it is misrepresenting some of its political opponents, and Ald. Kavanagh is one of the last to come under its displeasure. Two weeks ago, it went so far out of its way as to lie about him, without qualification in its assertion that he as chairman of the Fire. Water and Light Committee, refused to give an order for coal. and as a consequence, the fire engine was almost inoperative at the grist mill fire. In the hearing of the reputed manager of the concern, Ald. Kavanagh, at the last council meeting, declared the statement was false, and he proved it by Engineer Crawford and Ald. Barclay. Nothing daunted the heir of veracity bobs up again serenely in the last issue, and repeats his falsehood with the rider that to him Mr. Crawford qualified the statement he made at the council. What statement this "Manager (?)" may or may not have distorted from Mr. Crawford has nothing to do with the question, as the print was proved quity of falsehood irrespective of Mr. Crawford's testimony. The cute fish game of inking the water, to make good his escape in the dark will not succeed in this case. Better own up to fibbing at once, young man—"an honest confession is good for the soul."

VITAL QUESTIONS.

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases or ailments peculiar to Women"—

Ask the same physicians

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia; constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malaria, fever, agua, &c.," and they will tell you:

"*Mandrake! or Dandelion!!!*"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable,

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed, which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

CHAPTER II.

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy !!!!

From agony of nuralgia nervousness wakefulness and other diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape by excruciating pangs of rheumatism. inflamatary and chronic, or suffering from scorfula,

Erysepilas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, ous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops in their name.

FUTURE PUNISHMENT.

I have secured the exclusive right to sel by subscription, within the Western Judicial District, a new work entitled "Future Punishment," that is being published by an Ontario firm. The work is written by three or four of the ablest men in Canada, and should be in the hands of every reader. I can guarantee this to be the most brilliantly written book of the age, and must secure an extensive sale in every section of the country. As it is to be sold by subscription only, I want to secure live agents, who will receive a handsome return for their services, in every part of this territory. Schoolteachers and others who have a little leisure on their hands, will find it to their interest to secure an agency. The first expense will be a prospectus showing the style of the writing, the several subjects on which it treats, and the different styles of binding. This will cost two dollars and is all that will be required to canvass with.

Parties who want to secure an agency will please communicate with me at once as I wish to establish agents throughout the territory without delay

C. CLIFFE,
Mail Office, Brandon

Hurrah for Paisley!

—NO TIME—

For personal canvass. Vote for the two best men in WARD FOUR and

PAISLEY

IS SURE OF ELECTION.

LADIES!

Repeat Orders

—IN—

DRESS GOODS,
FURS,
FACINATORS,
JERSEYS,
SHAWLS,

Opened Up To-Day.

Gents' & Boy's Clothing,

Overcoats, Moccasins, Mitts &c, for everybody

We may be left on the 14th Dec., but we show a stock of

DRY GOODS

inferior to none in the city.

Come & See Us.

PAISLEY.

EXTRAORDINARY NEWS !

For the People of Manitoba and the Northwest.

-GEO. BAWDEN-

Clothier & General Outfitter of the City of Brandon.

Having paid a visit to the Eastern Markets during the past summer, I made some very heavy purchases in several lines of Fall and Winter goods, such as Tweed Suits, Tweed Overcoats.

Etoff Ulsters, Underclothing & Heavy Woolen Shirts.

At greatly reduced prices---that are usually paid for first-class goods ; and finding when his immense stock arrived that it was altogether too large for his old place of business,

THE GOLDEN LION CLOTHING STORE.

Has been compelled to open a second place of business in DURST'S new brick block, known as

BEAVER HALL CLOTHING STORE.

Where the Rush for FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING, GENT'S FURNISHINGS and FURS of all descriptions has been going on for the past two weeks. Do not fail to pay a visit to either of the above stores if you wish to get more than value for the money invested.

GEO. BAWDEN, the only Clothier and Outfitter in the City of Brandon.

FOREIGN

[illegible], Nov. 18.—Annie Lyons was arrested to-day charged with poisoning [illegible] persons in the family of Chas. W. Parker of this city, by putting arsenic in the flour barrel when she was discharged from her position as cook. This was about [illegible] weeks ago, and the family [illegible] suffering ever since. An [illegible] showed enough arsenic [illegible] in the barrel to kill the [illegible]. The girl denies [illegible] of the poison.

Buffalo, Nov. 19.—Sebastian Beck, who left New York with twenty-five families early in 1875 for the Black Hills, struck here yesterday on his way home. He is destitute and was sent to the poorhouse to await the action of the state authorities, who are expected to give him transportation back to New York. He said that they reached the Black Hills all right, helped to build Deadwood and engaged in mining on the co-operative plan. During the first three months their net earnings amounted to $10,899 in gold. Soon after July 18, 1875, the little camp was raided by Sitting Bull's and his braves, who captured all hands and confiscated everything. In Sitting Bull's camp Beck became separated from his family and has been unable to find out what became of them. He says that the Indians adopted him, painted him up and made him marry a squaw. The German Indian was made a chief and christened On-ga-don-ga (Dakota for scalping). Beck says the Indian agents are frauds, and the redskins have been imposed upon. He added: "I don't blame Indians for burning ranches after having been swindled by villians who were government agents." Mr. Beck got away from the Indians two months ago. He will go to Washington to see Secretary of the Interior Lamar. Beck's escape was made with the aid of Major Walsh, of the Northwest Mounted Police.

A man named Rudolph [illegible] was brought before Justice Crawford on Monday, charged with stealing two ploughs and some other articles. The prisoner pleaded guilty and was sent to Brandon. It is a costly matter to send prisoners to the Judicial Centre from this district, and many persons highly approve of the course taken by some magistrates who send the thieves about their business.—Birtle Observer.

On Saturday last a farmer named Mr Rourk, who lives east of Beulah, had his arm shattered by an accidental shot from a gun. The gun rested on some bags of meal, which formed the load of a waggon. The gun was in some way entangled by a halter and in removing the halter the gun was discharged. The wound is in the wrist and as some of the large arteries were severed, the loss of blood was very great and at one time fears were entertained that the injury would prove fatal. The Rev. Mr. Long, of Beulah, gives the information that more favorable symptoms are now visible.

The Pierre Signal says it has reason to believe that the survey-making from LaMoure to Pierre is the work of English capitalists in the interest of the Canadian Pacific. The road talked of is from Emerson to Cheyenne, in order to give the Canadian road a portion of Wyoming's cattle shipments. Benton, Montana, is said to have offered $100,000 bonus for a Canadian Pacific branch to that place.—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

Says the Qu'Appelle Progress:—Mr. D. H. McMillan, of the firm of McMillan & Bro., was here on Mondy last inspecting the progress of the work of putting in the machinery into the new mill. He stated that the firm would put on a grain buyer here the first of next week.

GO TO

CHEPSIDE !

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STORE. THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES OF ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

Special Lines and Bargains for November.

WHITE BLANKETS, from **$3** up. **GREY** do., from **$2** up. **HEAVY RED COMFORTS**, from **$1.25** up. **UNION GREY FLANNEL**, from **20c** up. **ALL WOOL** do., **25c** up. **GREY COTTON**, from **4c** up. **DRESS GCODS** from **15c** up. Best silk Plush, all colors, only $1.75 per yard. Full lines of Velvets, Ulsters and Mantles cloths with fur trimmings and ornaments to match.

Ladies' Astrachan Mantles from $22 up Ladies' Cloth Mantles from $5 up. Ladies' Fur Caps, Muffs and Capes, Kid Gloves and Mtts.

Men's Buffalo overcoats for $25 up. Men's Coon and Dog coats cheap. Men's and Boy's cloth overcoats. Mens heavy suits from $6 up. Boy's and Youths suits in great variety. Men's heavy all wool underwear $1,25 per suit. Cardigan jackets, woolen socks &c., &c. Fine lines of Gent's ties collars, braces &c.

Overshous all kinds and sizes. Moccasins do. Felt and leather boots and shoes of every kind and price. Our stock in this is especially good and the prices fight.

Groceries of all kinds at right prices. To arrive in a few days New Raisins, new Teas and Sugars, which we offer at close prices.

We might here state that we feel our efforts to please the public have been fully appreciated, to judge from the amount of goods sold in the past month and it will always be our aim to keep the newest goods that can be got and sell at cheapest prices for cash. Remember the place for bargains is

ATKINSON & NATION, Cheapside Block,
Cor. Rosser Av. & 8th St.

ONLY TOO TRUE.

No blushing daughter of the morn
Can vie with her of woman born ;
No face at windows of the spring
Is like a virgin blossoming.

Betwixt the two lids of the sky—
No orb there mates a maiden's eye ;
Not mighty Mars' unfailing lance
Can match the mischief of its glance.

Nature, how weak art thou to harm
As does a dear unsleeved arm !
Thy rocks would twinkle into sand
With tingles from a dimpled hand.

What swaying shapes of sun or shade
Approach the motions of a maid !
What snowy curve by winter traced
Can take the taper of her waist ?

And that soft darkness of her hair,
Thy twilight shades—ah, their despair !
Not all the striving stars beguile
As may one memory of her smile—

That foolish lips should speak so wise,
Make merriment, from earth to skies ;
Nay, Nature, drop a dewy tear
For solemn knowledge bought so dear.

BUSINESS WOMEN.

The west is noted for its enterprising women, and in almost every town and city many women of superior excellence in business can be named. There is the women silk culturists and fruit raisers of California, the women stock raisers of Montana, the women farmers of Dakota and Minnesota, besides those engaged in other pursuits. These women as a rule are an independent class and capable of making their fortunes without the aid of the horrid men. In Minneapolis we also have women who show remarkable business ability. Several ladies have made fortunes in real estate deals. One lady especially by investing her money carefully in real estate, has become very wealthy. While many women have turned to larger fields in order to rise to fortune, the modest one of keeping a grocery store has not been overlooked, and we have in Minneapolis a number of women engaged in that kind of business. One woman especially is making a success of her undertaking, although in a quiet way. She has excellent business abilities, and can drive a bargain as well as the best business man. While being a modest little woman she understands her rights and how to maintain them, and the wily drummer never attempts to deceive her when selling goods. If on first acquaintance he thinks he has a "soft snap," as he calls it, he is soon undecieved when she looks over his stocks and gives him points on places. She is at the market bright and early, and there is not a grocer in the city who can surpass her for energy She can put to shame many men who profess to be grocers. May she live long and prosper.—Northwest Trade-

KNOWING WHEN THEY ARE PRETTY.

There are men of experience who will confidently assert that a woman is lovely of face though they catch but a glimpse of the figure from behind, and they will be right nine times out of ten. Such are guided not by the eye alone, but by symmetry of shape and grace of movement. Ugly women have these qualifications, though as a rule it would be found that their ugliness belongs to that class which logicians would call "accidental." Wilkie Collins tells how one of his heroes conceived a glowing fancy of some young girl's face upon observation of her back; she turned, and proved to be a mulatto. That is what we should call an "accident." The beauty nature designed was marred by the luckless chance that her skin and features appealed only to negro taste. So it is with women under a variety of circumstances, infinite as the risks and combinations of human life. The experienced person is not deceived by inconsistencies of this kind. He brings knowledge of the world and mankind to bear. A woman who is beautiful cannot be ignorant of the fact—unless she be stupid ; we read of such things with pleasure, as we read of other agreeable prodigies in romance. But when a girl child perceives that she is welcome everywhere, that old people smile at her approach, that young men pay her more attention than her comrades get, she must be duller than are the majority of her sex if the suspicion that she is good looking does not strike her. In a few months suspicion becomes a delicious certainty. Whispers are overheard, glances caught, the mirror anxiously consulted gives pleasing assurance. Even if there be no seavant, no complacent mother, nor good-natured friend of the family to set her doubts at rest, the warmth and frankness of boy lovers is proof enough. We do not believe that there ever was a girl living in the realms of the inhabitable globe who did not know her prettiness, if pretty she was, before reaching the age of 17; but it is sadly true that many girls who are not pretty fall into error on the point.—London Standard.

A CHAPTER ON SNAKES.

Ned Buntline Relates His Adventures in the Catskills.

Not in your boots or mine, I hope, good reader, for I don't believe in the beverage that hatches that kind. But as the "season" has opened and snake stories will be told by and to the summer boarders in the country, it is well to know something about Satan in snakes. In the cold and lofty regions of the Catskills poisonous serpents are almost unknown. The hard winters are too much for them. The striped or garter snake and the brown water snakes which hibernate early and come out only when the days grow long and warm, both harmless, are the only reptiles seen in those sections.

But in lower altitudes the "rattler" and copperhead, the hissing adder and the horn tailed snake, the latter scarce but very deadly, are found in certain sections of this State.

Much as I have hunted and fished in almost all the lakes and trout streams, and through the forests of the State, I never saw but one horn-tailed snake, though two were killed on Schoharie Creek a year or so ago.

Last spring I was driving down the east branch of the Delaware, near Margaretville, on a trouting expedition, and on a dug-way near the river I checked my horses as I saw a snake over six feet long dart down the bank and across the road in front of me. It went slow enough for me to get a good view of it. It had a small, vicious-looking head, a rather large body and was striped in regular black and white rings—the latter, I should judge, to be two inches wide. I held my horses in, for I felt no anxiety to see a reptlie like that mixed up among their legs. Its tail came out to a sharp bony point. I knew in an instant that it was the horn-tail, and on describing it to an old citizen in the village learned it had been seen two or three times in the same vicinity. It was soon after killed and was the only one ever heard of in that section. Another was killed on Alder Brook, in Ulster County, the same season. They have deadly poison in the horned tail, which they strike into a victim.

I was fishing one day on the Beaverkill and had just thrown a trout out on the bank that would weigh near a quarter of a pound and started out to pick it up for my basket. Before I reached it a brown water-snake, full four feet long, had that trout crossways in his mouth and was making off with it pretty fast when I drew my revolver and sent a ball through his neck, which destroyed his appetite for raw fish. I did not basket the trout, however.

None of the water snakes of our Northern streams are venomous. The moccassin and cottonmouth of the Southern waters are as deadly as the rattle-snake and in no way as chivalrous. The latter almost invariably give warning of its presence before it strikes. Therefore it is less to be feared than its almost constant companion—the "Pilot" or copperhead. Summer boarders, who choose cool, lofty and anti-malarial sections, if they avoid bad whisky need have no fear of snakes.—*Ned Buntline, in N. Y. World.*

A Maple Plantation.

Mr. Duncan McArthur, of the Commercial Bank of Manitoba, has a plantation of young maples about a quarter of an acre in extent, at his beautiful residence on the banks of the Red rriver, north of the city. The trees are about three feet high, planted in rows about two feet apart, and in clumps of some three and five. They are of the soft or ash leaved variety, and were grown from seed gathered last fall in Mr. McArthur's grove on the river bank. The seed was sown late in October, in mellow soil such as would be suitable for garden vegatables, and were planted as peas or beans would be. In spring the seeds started early and the ground was kept clear of weeds, but no extra work was done. The trees have succeeded thus far perfectly. Here is an example which every farmer in the Canadian Northwest might follow with profit and without loss of time By doing so the treeless portions of the prairie might in a few years be transformed into a more beautiful appearance, with the presence of hedges and groves of these useful and hardy trees. Every field might have a row or two of trees around it, making a good wind break and and a cattle shade, not to mention the increase in the value of the farms thus protected and beautified. The work is so simple that no directions beyond those given above are required.—Nor' West Farmer.

YOUNG MEN.—READ THIS.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall Mich., offer to send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and other Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred as thirty days trial is allowed Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free.

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One new single harness, one cutter, one Brunswick, Balk billiard and pool table, ivory billiard balls, one iron safe, Stearns & Maroin, N. Y.; one organ, nearly new, Dominion Organ Co.; beds, Yales' springs; 150 bed comforters, blankets and pillows, carpets, oil cloth and matting, tables chairs, lounges, bar fixtures including beer pump, strainers, shakers, mirrors and pictures, about 1000 cigars, seven sewing machines, lamps and silver plated ware. Apply at

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Advances made on the security of farm and city property at lowest current rates.

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CLASSES MEET EVERY MONDAY, TUESDAY, and Thursday evening for the Study of English Penmanship and Vocal Music, at 7 p.m., in the school house. Terms very moderate.

T. J. LAMONTE.

FIRE ! ! !

—THE—
CALEDONIAN
INSURANCE COMPANY

is prepared to insure buildings and stock against loss by fire in Brandon and vicinity.

E. FITZ BUCKE, Brandon
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SHOAL LAKE

The undersigned now offers for sale some good lots in the

TOWN OF BURLINGTON !

situated at the

Narrows of Shoal Lake.

The location is one of the finest in the Northwest, and having the prospects of the early construction of the

M. & N. W. Railroad

through the place.

It is destined to be **NOT ONLY** a good place of business, but

A PLEASURE RESORT !

being situated at a Beautiful Clear Water Lake, nearly two miles wide by five long; its waters abounding with plenty of fine fish and good shooting. It has nice scenery around the lake, its banks being high & graveley covered with timber. Also a fine view of the Riding Mountains, a distance of 12 miles off. Although being centered in a large extent of agricultural lands which is settled with a good class of farmers, it is bound to become a large town.

For further information or a view of plans may be seen at the office of

MORPHY & STEWART,
Minnedosa.

Or at the office of

A. H. SCOUTEN,
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For Sale !
ONE
POOL TABLE.

May's make, in good condition, will be sold at a bargain. Inquire at the

EDIE HOUSE.

Brandon, Sept 7th.

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FIRST-CLASS RIGS,
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Livery Sale and Feed STABLES.

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Horses, Oxen, Wagons, Sleighs, Buggies, Cutters, &c.

—GENERAL—
BLACKSMITHING

GENTLEMEN :
I have opened a shop on the

Cor. 12th St., ROSSER AV.

And am prepared to do all kind of work in my line Horses that are contracted or tender in the feet or interfering made a specialty.

Satisfaction given or No Pay.

Give me a call and you will have a home proof. Repairs in woodwork done immediately.

W. GIVIN.

Brandon, Aug. 1885. 1-y

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ALEX. ROSS'S DEPILATORY removes Hair from the face, neck, and arms; one dollar per bottle, sent by post, secretly packed, for 1 dollar. Hair-dye for light or dark colors; Oil of Cantharides, for growth of hair; Curling fluid; Bloom of roses, for giving beauty to the lips and cheeks; The Skin tightner, for furrow; Liquid, for black specks; each one dollar, sent by post for one dollar. Splints for crooked limbs, 21s; Medicine for obesity, 5s; Complexion pills, 2s 9d; Nose Machine for shapening the nose, 3 dollars; Tar soap, the remedy for the skin, 1s. "Ross's Toilet Magazine," 1s. All secretly packed for stamps. 2. Lambs, Conduit Street, High Helborn, London, England, and had through all chemists.

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YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

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I beg to inform School Trustees in Manitoba and the Northwest, that I have now completed arrangements for supplying every description of wall maps, at the following prices, guaranteed First-class :

Easternand Western Hemispheres, one map	$5 50
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Dominion of Canada, new and enlarged	7 50
Map of Manitoba, new and enlarged	10 50

C. Cliffe,
Mail Office, Brandon

STRAYED !

In to the heard between 6th St. and 1st St., on or about the 12th October ; 3 yearlings, 2 steers—all red and 1 heifer, spotted. The owner is requested to prove property and take them away.

[illegible] COSGROVE.

NO SURPRISE !

THE GOVERNMENT ENDORSES
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Every subscriber, whose subscription is **immediately** forwarded us with the price, $1.50 per year, and 15 cents extra for postage on Cyclopaedia making $1.65 in all—will receive the *American Agriculturist* for Dec., 1884, and all of 1885, and will be presented with the **American Agriculturist Family Cyclopaedia**, (just out) **600 Pages and over 1,000 Engravings.** Strongly bound in cloth, black and gold.

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MR. VAN HORNE.

Discusses Future Policy—Liberal Transportation Rates.

In answer to the question as to the probable rates to be charged by the C. P. R. for the transportation of minerals to the sea board, M. Van Horne stated that such rates would be framed as would tend to develop the mining and other industries of the country, and with a due regard to a reasonable profit on operating account, the determination of the company being to render every assistance in opening up and developing the resources of the coun ry traversed by the system. Lumber, he said, could be shipped to the Northwest profitably from the Shuswap Lake and Columbia river districts. The haul from the coast would be too great to make the industry a lucrative one to the shipper. There was an excellent growth of timber in these sections, and the Northwest would become an extensive market for the timber men in the eastern section of this province. So far as the shipment of salmon was concerned, the C. P. R. would be in a position to handle that business as cheap and as expeditiously as any of the transcontinental lines, possibly at a less figure. The fresh salmon business was one that could be developed to an enormous extent. Every facility would be provided for this business, such as refrigerator and other cars of the latest design. The consumption of fruit in the Northwest was yearly increasing. This was an industry that would be of great advantage to British Columbia as beyond the hardier classes of apples and berries he was afraid fruit culture in the Northwest would not be a success. That market was now supplied from California by a route many hundreds of miles long r than would be the distance from this province to Winnipeg, besides the additional cost on duty account. He would strongly advise that immediate attention be given to the cultivation of such fruits as pears, cherries, plums, grapes, apricots, peaches, etc. This country was admirably adapted to the growth of such fruits, while the market was certain to be practically an inexhaustible one. As to

BUILDING BRANCH LINES

in this province he was not in a position to say anything. In the Northwest the company were extending their branch lines, and no doubt when the requirements of this province were such as to warrant their doing so here doubtless all sections would be accommodated. The earnings of the company, notwithstanding all that had been said to the contrary, were satisfactory, in proof of w ich he stated for the past year the net receipts were $3,200,000. These results were obtained from a system that was disconnected in some sections, and the company not yet four years old—a result that must be highly gratifying to every true lover of his country taking an interest in the great national enterprise. He did not consider that snow interruptions on the Canadian Pacific would be greater than on any of its rivals crossing the continent. The idea that because it was further north and liable to greater snow blockades was a delusion. For the past two years the snow plough has been used but very little, and that principally in the Province of Quebec. The effect of the snow fall in the mountains would be watched this winter and precautions taken to prevent any blockade in traffic. Advantage will be taken of the winter to erect stations and other buildings, where these are not already constructed; ballasting the line from the end of their present system in the east to Savona's Ferry.

A SPLENDID LINE.

From Montreal to Columbia River the line was in splendid condition. It was the determination to maintain a high rate of speed for through trains, in order to complete the journey from Vancouver to Montreal in five days, and to the Atlantic seaboard in another twelve hours. The equipment would be the best to be purchased. On the question of freight transportation, Mr. Van Horne stated that he believed eleven days would dover the time necessary for the delivery of freight in Victoria from Montreal. At present there was a car-load of

NAVAL SUPPLIES

on the way from Liverpool to the dock yard at Esquimault, as an experiment, to test the rapidity with which naval stores could be delivered at Esquimault. Merchandise for this city has been offered the company, but they were compelled reluctantly to decline accepting it from transportation. He was surprised that the farmers in British Columbia did not give greater attention to the cultivation of their farms. They not only could, but should, raise enough grain to supply the wants of the entire province with flour, pork, lard, butter, eggs, hogs, sheep, and etc., and lose no time in doing so, becoming, as their neighbors were in the east, an exporting instead of an importing community.

AN AMERICAN VIEW.

Manitoba's Wonderful Products at the Provincial Exhibition.

Mr. C. J. Ward, of Chicago, editor of the American Poultry Journal, who visited the recent Provincial Exhibition at St. Boniface, has the following remarks in the current month's number of his paper:

"The grounds were donated by the town of St. Boniface, consisting of 26 acres of scrub oaks and other trees—not a clear spot on it large enough to swing a cat—yet in the short time of six weeks these gentlemen not only cleared up the land, but built stalls, fences, cattle-sheds, poultry-house, show ring, and a beautiful exhibition hall, all in the most substantial manner, and made all the needed arrangements for the fair besides. No one not comprehending the difficulties they had to contend with can appreciate the amount of labor these gentlemen did. But the result must have well repaid them, for although we have visited many fairs in the United States, we never saw a finer display of grains and vegetable products than were exhibited at St. Boniface. The howling idiot who wrote to his paper (in Ontario, we believe) that "Manitoba was so poor in agricultural resources that she could not raise potatoes" should have been taken to St. Boniface, and after being shown the magnificent display of potatoes, have been headed up in a hogshead of mashed potatoes and compelled to eat himself out. By that time he would, no doubt, have come to the conclusion that Manitoba could raise potatoes. At any rate, we never saw in Illinois, or any other state, such fine potatoes or so many varieties, nor of such size as were exhibited at this fair. And this is true of other other vegetables. Cauliflower as large as a peck measure, not one specimen, but 'lots of 'em,' tomatoes, cucumbers, squash, pumpkins, beets, carrots, turnips and other vegetables of the very finest and largest size were displayed in abundance. And when you come to grain—such beautiful wheat we never saw before! oats weighing 38 to 54 pounds per bushel, gith rye and barley to match—nothing lacking, in fact, but corn. That we can beat them on, but the thing that most astonished us was not only the excellence of all, but the enormous size, and all grown in the short summer months. Truly, Manitoba has no need to fear comparison of her products of the same kind, with any country on tho globe. We offer no excuse to our readers for writing thus about a country that seems so far out of their way, for most people on this side of the line have an idea that Manitoba is a bleak, barren country that produces nothing but icebergs and cyclones, and a little information as to the real products will not come amiss. The display of cattle and horses was good, but not to be compared to that made by the state fairs in the United States. But that is a matter of time, for in a few years, at most, they will have as good as any one."

Drunkeness, or the Liquor Habit, can be cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given it a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wretch. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effects results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Circuliars and testimonials sent free. Address, GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

Notice of Sale,

Under instructions from the Executors of the Estate of the late David Carswell, deceased, there will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises hereinafter described, on THURSDAY the 26th day of NOVEMBER next, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon the following parcel of land, viz:

The South-West ¼ of Section 24, in Township 13, Range 17, West of 1st principal meridian, consisting of 160 acres. There are about 30 acres broken on said land and a Log House.

Also at the same time and place, will be sold One Mower, One Rake, One Plough and Sett of Harrows, and some other small Farming Implements, &c.

For further particulars apply to R Spratt, Creeford Post Office, one of the Executors.

Dated 29th October, 1885.

R. SPRATT,
Executor.

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Auction Sale!

—AT THE—

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ON

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Of Horses, Horned Stock, Pigs, Poultry, Rolling Stock and Implements of every description.

These sales take place only on the third Wednesday of every month.

CHAS. PILLING, Auctioneer.

HARRY J. DEVINE,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

ROSSER V., between 6th and 7th Streets.

PRICES:

Cabinets, . $5 per dozen.
" 4 ½ "
Carte-de-visit 3 "
" 2 ½ "
Tin types, 4 for $1.25.

A call and patronage respectfully solicited.

LIVE

Wild Animals

WANTED.

Bear, Deer, Rocky Mountain Sheep, Elk, Wolves, Foxes, Rabbits, Squirrels, Civit Cats, Leopard Cats, Panthers, Buffalo, Antelope, Mink, Otter, Beavers, besides other animals. Also Eagles, Owls, California Vultures, Hawks of the various kinds, Geese, Cranes, Ducks and other water birds, singing birds of all kinds and many kinds of Snakes, Turtles, Lizards, Frogs and the like.

Describe fully what you have to sell, and if your prices are low enough, the animals offered will be promptly paid for. Address

D. H. TALBOT,
Sioux City, Iowa.

N. B.—There are many deformed birds and animals, showing apparently some "unatural" growth that I wish to purchase.

Post Office Notice.

Mails are Received and Dispatched from the Brandon Office as follows:

RECEIVED

From the East daily at 3 p. m.
" west daily at 12 p.m.
" Rapid City, daily, at 11.30 a. m.
" Millford route, Wednesdays, Saturdays a 6.30 p. m.
" Souris, &c., Tuesday, 5 p m.
" Antlers, Menota, Souris, &c., Thursday at 5 p. m.
" Deloraine route, 5 p. m.
" Pendennis, Fridays at 11 a. m.

DESPATCHED

For the east daily at 12.30 p. m.
" west " 3 p. m.
" Rapid City daily at 2.30 p. m.
" Millford route, Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.
" Souris and Berresford, Tuesdays at 7 a.m
" Antlers, Menota, Souris &c, Fridays, 7 a.m
" Deloraine, Fridays, at 7 a. m.
" Pendennis, Fridays 2.30 p m.

Mails for the east and west close at 12 and 2.30 respectively. Registered matter for the east must be in at 11.45 a. m.

J. C. KAVANAGH,
Post Master

Public Notice!

All persons, including Leasees of grazing lands, are hereby required to take notice that the cutting of timber on the public lands without authority from the Minister of Interier, or the Local Crown Timber Agent of the Dominion Lands for the District, is forbidden by law: and all timber so cut without authority is liable to seizure and to be dealt with as the Minister of Interior may direct.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands purchase a wood lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at five dollars per acre.

Any person other than a homestead settler desiring permission to cut timber, must make application to the Minister of Interior, who will deal with such application according to law.

Persons who have already cut timber without authority, must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office, on or before the 1st May 1885, otherwise the said timber will be confiscated under the provisions of the Dominion lands Act.

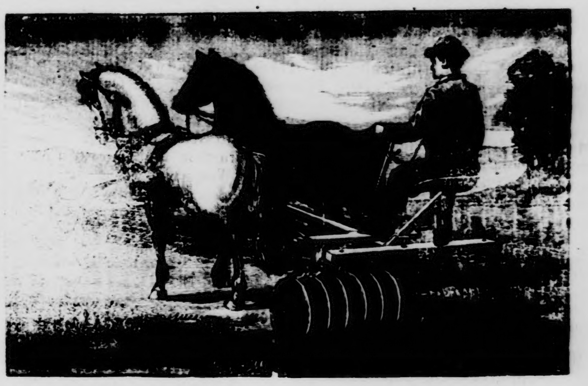
(Signed) A. M. BURGESS.
Deputy of the Minister of Interior.

THE

Corbin Disk Harrow

—AND—

Seeder Attachment.



(Patented in U. S. and Canaaa.)

This Harrow has Sharp Steel Disks, Lever to regulate Depth of Cut and Seeder Attachment.

"THE BEST DISK HARROW IN THE WORLD" it saves "back setting" it saves seed it saves horse flesh and increases the crop.

A FACT—A man can ride this machine and do more work, and do it thoroughly with less tax on his team than with any tooth harrow or cultivator on the market. We have thousands of endorsements and testimonials.

High winter freights will prevent the sale of only a limited number this season. Farmers should secure one at once.

Also the Corbin Wrought Rim Roller filled with smooth Journals Babbited Boxes.

Much more durable and lasting than Wooden Rollers—Exposed to the weather.

Wm. Johnston, Agent, Brandon, Man.

Made by St. Law. Man'fg, Co. of Ont. limited. Prescott, On.

JOHN DICKINSON

DEALER IN

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, etc.

Corner Ninth St. and Rosser Avenue.

BRANDON, - MANITOBA

Look Out!

For the advertisement next week, of the

Pioneer Boot and Shoe House,

9th St. This is the popular establishment of the city.

W. Senkbiel, Prop.

Burdock Blood Bitters

Cures Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver and Kidneys, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Deranged Stomach, or irregular action of the Bowels.

TOWN TOPICS

Mr. Hesson, Customs collector, has just been notified from Ottawa that his salary has been raised from $1,000 to $1,200 a year.

The celebrated real estate case of J. A. Smart, v. John Parker, was decided against the latter in the County Court here on Tuesday.

The gait of Captain Wastie walking around the streets these times reminds one of the illustrations of Hopeful in Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.

Mr. T. M. Daly and Judge Walker were at Deloraine the latter part of last week attending County Court, some ten cases were on the docket, and all were speedily disposed of.

Reeve Pettit, of Daly, has been confined to the house for some time, through an attack of inflammation of the lungs, but is now, able to be around again.

Messrs. Sword and Moor advertise a large supply of storm sashes on our first page. Although there has been no special need for them up to the present, the season is at hand when they will be required.

Mr. Beaty, of the North West Central, has a new announcement in our advertising columns. It is said he has disposed of over one million dollar's worth of stock, and is ready to commence work in the early spring.

The Hon. John Norquay has become the recipient of a medal through the Sec. of State, as a recognition of his valuable services to Canada. It ought to bear the impress of piece of soft coal, as an emblem of purity.

Mr. Henry Ross, late of the G. N. W. Telegraph here, but now on the M. and N. R. R., was in the city a few days last week, and returned on Tuesday, taking his household effects with him to settle down permanently in his new position.

Mrs. John Parr and Mrs. E. Hunter, of Bradwardine, were in the city on Monday, the first time since the former passed up the Assiniboine over three years ago to settle on her present residence. She was very much surprised to see the hamlet of a few tents grown into a city of Brandon's proportions in that short time.

Mr. D. J. McEwen arrived in Brandon last week on a visit from Montreal, where he is managing a large cotton mill. He says that though business takes him elsewhere, he prefers the climate of this province to that of any other part of Canada. After a brief sojourn he is to return east again.

One Reid, of the Oak River settlement, through an accident, came near losing his life, in returning from Brandon the other night. In some way, one of his feet caught in the waggon wheel, and his horses ran away throwing him out of the rig and leaving him in a semi-unconscious condition on the trail, until taken up by a passing team. He is recovering, however.

Mr. J. A. Mitchell now has the old Selby elevator fully under business headway, the first grain of the season having been taken in at it yesterday noon. The machinery is all in perfect order, the capacity is large and all the appointments are complete for handling wheat most expeditiously. With the five large elevators now in good running order there ought to be no longer any particular jamming of teams on the streets awaiting unloading.

The Free Press says: Miss Mary Carey, of Brandon, blew out the gas in her room at the Leland on Tuesday evening when she retired. She was soon fast asleep, being unaware of the danger that surrounded her. The escaping gas attracted the attention of other inmates of the house and the young lady was aroused. She soon came to her senses, turned off the gas and opened the window thus allowing the foul and deadly odor to escape. She had a very narrow escape.

A Bradwardine correspondent says: An item in your paper of relating to an Irish agrarian outrage near here is wrong. This outrage took place in a settlement where an Irishman could not live, namely amongst a settlement of old country Englishmen, who must have learnt some of this moonshining business from reading about it. I am informed there is one of said Englishmen, who has not lain in bed since the outrage took place, and he must hold his tongue or he will be used the same way.

Mr. T. J. Girdlestone, of Winnipeg, has been appointed collector of Inland Revenue here.

Mr. T. Nicholls, of Souris City, is now another wheat buyer on the Brandon Market.

There was a railway meeting at Chesley school house, in Oakland the other day, and the result of it is Reeve Hector and Councillor Clarke have gone to Winnipeg as a delegation, to further the extension of the South Western at Treherne, that way, such an extension would be a bad thing for Brandon, but Brandon cannot stand in the way of the development of the country.

THE MARKETS.

The wheat business continues as last week, the best grades running up to 70, but a drop of about 2 cents in the frozen article. The elevator receipts for the past week are nearly as below.

Ogilvie	24,500	bushels
McLaurin	24,000	"
McMillan	15,000	"
Alexander, Kelly & Co.	9,000	"
Selby	2,000	"
Total	74,000	"

The Selby just commenced on Tuesday.

Good barley brings 35c, and oats about 22c, butter 20c, eggs 25c, pork and beef the same as last week.

It appears almost impossible for the Grit print to remove itself from the gutter it was nursed in, when party interests are at stake. Because certain Aldermen supported W. C. Hunter for Returning officer, in Ward four, to prevent Mayor Smart and his proteges, from securing Grits for every booth in the city, these Aldermen and Mr. Hunter come in for the contents of its choicest billingsgate. If the truth was adhered to, even at this, there would be less to say. The charge is however made, that Mr. Hunter is a resident of Virden; but the facts are he is just as the Editor of the Sun is—he is simply a visitor there when business calls for it. Mr. W. A. Macdonald has opened a law office there, and Mr. Hunter goes up occasionally, when business calls for it. He is now, however, in the city and likely to remain here until the elections are over. Will the Sun have the manliness to give the same prominence to the correction that it gave to the falsehood?

KIND WORDS FOR WOMEN

Women are afflicted by trifles, but they are also consoled by trifles.—Victor Hugo.

The language of women should be luminous but not voluminous.—Douglas Jerrold.

An ounce of mother, says the Spanish proverb, is worth a pound of clergy.—Higginson.

Trust not a woman when she weeps, for it is her nature to weep when she wants her will.—Socrates.

If the whole world were put into one scale, and my mother into the other, the whole world would kick the beam.—Lord Langdale.

They that marry ancient people merely in expectation to bury them, hang themselves in hope that one will come and cut the halter.—Thomas Fuller.

A fine lady is a squirrel-headed thing, with small airs and small notions; about as applicable to the business of life as a pair of tweezers to the clearing of a forest.—George Eliot.

Little eyes must be good tempered, or they are ruined. They have no other resource. But this will beautify them enough. They are made for laughing, and should do their duty.—Leigh Hunt.

There are many woman who have never intrigued, and many men who have never gamed; but those who have done either but once are very extraordinary animals, and are worthy of a glass case when they die than half the exotics in the British museum.—Colton.

To a man who is uncorrupted and properly constituted, woman remains always something of a mystery and a romance. He never interprets her literally. She on her part, is always striving to remain a poem, and is never weary of bringing out new editions of herself in novel bindings.—James Barton.

Mr. C. J. Ward, of Chicago, editor of the American Poultry Journal, who is well known in Winnipeg as having acted as judge at the exhibitions of the Pet Stock Club during the past two years, has kindly acceeded to a request from the council of the Manitoba Board of Agriculture to prepare a design for a building, to be erected at St. Boniface in time for next season's exhibition, solely for poultry exhibits. The building will be specially adapted for the purpose for which it is intended and will embrace all modern improvements as adopted at American exhibitions.

LOST!

Ticket, No. 465, given by the Ogilvie Milling Co through their Agent at Douglas Station. Notice is hereby given that payment has been stopped by the said Co. Anyone finding the same will please return to the undersigned and oblige.

J. BOUNSFIELD.

NOTICE!

The party who took that black Grey hound from Brandon, had better return him to J. Cameron's blacksmith shop, 10th Street, and save trouble.

FOUND!

A pocket book on Plum Creek trail. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply to

W. OGILVIE,
Kelly House, Brandon.

DR. GOOD, Oculist & Aurist,

Of Winnipeg, will visit Brandon

28th, 29th and 30th Nov.,

when he can be consulted at the

Grand View Hotel.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made on behalf of

The Northwest Central Railway Company

at the next session of the Parliament of Canrda for an Act to extend or continue the Charter of the said Northwest Central Railroad Company already empowered to construct a railway from Brandon to Battleford and other points and to enlarge the time for the construction and completion of fifty miles of the said Railway for one year farther or for such time as may be deemed necessary and for other amendments and purposes.

Toronto, 20th Nov., 1885.

JAMES BEATY,
Pres. N. W. C. R'y.

AVIS!

Avis est par le present dourie que a demande sera faite de parte de

The Northwest Central Railway Company

a la session prochine du parlement du Canada afin d'eu obleuir une Acte d'etendre on de continuer la chartre du dit "Northwest Central Railway Company" deja ayant le pouvoir de constuire un cheninr-de-fer de Brandon a Battleford et d'autres places, et de prolonger le temps pour la construction et pour l'explortation de cinquante milles du dit chemin-de-fer, pour un an de plus, ou pour le temp qu'ou prusse plusernecessaire et pour des autres amendements et des autres intentions.

Trronto, 20th Nov. 1885.

JAMES BEATY,
President de la N. W. C. R. C

CITY OF BRANDON,

Notice is hereby given that a

Meeting of the Electors.

of the City of Brandon will be held in the City on

Monday, 17th Dec. 1885

at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon for the nomination of candidates for the office of Mayor, and at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon of the same day for the nomination of candidates for the office of Aldermen for each ward. Should two or more candidates be nominated for the office of Mayor, or three or more for the office of Aldermen in any ward, the proceedings at such meeting shall be adjourned until the 14th day of December, 1885, at nine o'clock a. m., when a poll will be opened in each ward for the election of Mayor and Aldermen respectively or as the case may require.

Dated this 17th day of November, A.D. 1885.

JOHN C. KERR,
City Clerk.

TO LET.

Those first-class premises known as the

Brunswick Hotel,

between Rosser and Pacific Avenues, on 10th St. House contains 16 rooms, ice house and coal sheds. Apply on premises, nearly opposite Imperial Bank, Brandon, Man.

NOTICE!

THE ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Brandon Electoral Division,

Agricultural Society No. 1.

Will be held in the City Hall, Brandon,

MONDAY, DEC. 21st, 1885.

at the hour of 1 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and to transact other important business.

R. T. EVANS,
Sec.-Treas.

Geo. Craig & Co.

EVERY DAY!

Since we opened up business in this city it has Shown an Increase.

Large Stock!

at prices away, away down bring and retain our host of bargain huters.

Geo. Craig & Co.

The ONE PRICE CASH HOUSE